

**Annexure XXI**  
**National Highway Authority, Pakistan**

**Updated Stakeholders Consultation Report (SCR)**  
**Deliverable-2**  
**Southern Link Road (SLR)**



**January, 2024**

# Table of Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>BACKGROUND INFORMATION</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Identification of Project Stakeholders	3
1.3	Consultation with Stakeholders	4
1.4	Information Dissemination	5
1.5	Findings of Consultation Meetings	6
1.6	Consultations with Individual Male PAPs	7
1.7	Consultation for Community and Public Affected Structures/Facilities	7
1.7.1	Consultation with Male Vulnerable PAPs	7
1.8	Consultation with Government Departments	8
1.9	Summary of Concerns Raised by Stakeholders	11
<b>2</b>	<b>GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM</b>	<b>14</b>
2.1	First Tier - Village Grievance Redressal Committee	15
2.2	Second Tier of Redressal	16
2.3	Third Tier of Redressal - Project Management Unit (PMU)	17
2.4	Public Complaint Cell	18
2.5	Proposed GRM of NHA	18
2.6	Filing and Resolving Grievances	19
2.7	Record Keeping	19
2.8	Periodic Review	19
2.9	GRM for Women and Gender-Based Violence	20
2.10	Community Outreach and Information Dissemination	20

## List of Tables

Table 1:	Identification of Stakeholders' Methods used for Consultation	3
Table 2:	Main mouza being Affected by the Proposed SLR	4
Table 3:	Schedule of Public Consultation Meetings with the Males	5
Table 4:	Key Stakeholder Concerns and Team Responses	6
<b>Table 5:</b>	<b>Consultations with Government Departments</b>	<b>8</b>

## **ANNEXURES**

ANNEXURE-I: PHOTOLOG OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION MEETINGS .....	21
ANNEXURE-II: ATTENDANCE SHEETS.....	24
ANNEXURE-III: PHOTOLOG OF CONSULTATIONS WITH GOVT. DEPARTMENTS .....	36
ANNEXURE-IV: VILLAGE WISE LIST OF CONTACTED PAPs.....	38
ANNEXURE-V: CONSULTATION MEETING WITH NIFA.....	40

## 1 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Consultation and information disclosure to the Project Affected Persons (PAPs) and other stakeholders during project planning, designing and implementation stages is a key to sustainability of a project. Likewise, participation of stakeholders at all stages of project preparation is essential to meet the objectives of meaningful consultation under resettlement policy. During preparation of the Resettlement Action plan (RAP) and Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) study, PAPs and other stakeholders from different backgrounds were consulted to gather their feedback and concerns and adopt appropriate measures in project design and resettlement planning. Public participation and consultation were done through a variety of methods, including individual, group, and community meetings.

### 1.1 Identification of Project Stakeholders

Stakeholders of the project include the PAPs, locally affected communities and their formal and informal representatives, national or local government authorities, civil society organizations, and groups with special interests, the academic community, or business owners.

Stakeholders were classified into primary stakeholders, who would be directly affected negatively or positively by the project, and secondary stakeholders who would be indirectly affected by the project (or who could have a stake and indirectly affect the project). The Consultations were conducted with the following key stakeholders using various methods as identified in **Table 1**.

**Table 1: Identification of Stakeholders' Methods used for Consultation**

Sr. No.	Stakeholder Category	Stakeholder	Consultation Method
01	Government Institutions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• National Highway Authority (NHA)</li> <li>• Agriculture Department, Peshawar</li> <li>• Agriculture Department, Nowshera</li> <li>• Directorate of on-farm water management</li> <li>• Revenue Department</li> <li>• Wildlife Department</li> <li>• Forest Department</li> <li>• Social Welfare Department</li> <li>• Communication and Works (C&amp;W) Department</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Formal consultative meetings</li> </ul>
02	Project Affected Persons (PAPs)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Affected persons whose properties will be acquired, i.e., houses, land and other assets.</li> <li>• People that might be indirectly affected by the project.</li> <li>• People who shall benefit from project activities in the form of employment or business opportunities.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Group meetings</li> <li>• Individual meetings</li> <li>• Community meetings</li> <li>• Individual interviews</li> </ul>
03	General Population	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Civil Society Organizations</li> <li>• Academic community</li> <li>• Media</li> <li>• Influential people</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Group meetings</li> <li>• Individual meetings</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Stakeholder Category	Stakeholder	Consultation Method
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Community meetings</li> </ul>

## 1.2 Project Impacts and Mitigation Measures

The project is considered sustainable if the design is feasible, financially viable and socially acceptable. The resettlement and land acquisition surveys of SLR were conducted in September and November 2022 as per alignment and ROW. The social screening including environmental studies revealed huge adverse impacts of the alignment on residential, commercial, public and community structures including mosques, schools and graveyards. During consultation with the affected persons of land, structures, fruit trees and orchards, they showed their concerns and demanded change of alignment. The findings of the surveys were discussed with the NHA and the World Bank and proposed to change the alignment.

After several meetings and presentations, the concerned authorities decided to change the alignment of SLR. The alignment of SLR has changed from km 0+000 to km 24+400 avoiding huge residential and commercial structures. The new alignment also saved many public structures like WAPDA poles, graveyards, mosques, water supply structures, farm house, petrol pump and police station etc.

The new alignment also shortened the route by about 10 km causing reduction of resettlement budget of land and structures. The change also reduced social disturbance significantly. There are 13 villages being affected by the proposed SLR shown in Table 2.

**Table 2: Main Villages being affected by the Proposed SLR**

District	Sr. No.	Name of Impacted Mouza	Nos. of PAPs		Land to be Acquired (Acres)	Length cover of SLR (Kilometer)
			Males	Females		
Khyber	1	Sathi Khel/Shah Kass	0	0	153	6.2
	2	Nogazi	0	0	74	3.0
Peshawar	1	Sangu	1880	179	108	4.3
	2	Mushterzai	888	10	27	1.1
	3	Garhi Mali Khel	775	9	49	2.0
	4	Behlolzai	1084	5	23	1.0
	5	Masho Gagar	1546	0	170	6.7
	6	Hurizai	226	0	44	1.8
	7	Maryamzai	350	2	65	2.6
	8	Surizai Payan	2850	47	159	6.4
	9	Mera Kachori	4130	15	120	5.0
	10	Tarnab	314	7	25	1.0
Nowshera	1	Jabba	244	12	33	1.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>		<b>14287</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>1050</b>	<b>42.53</b>

## 1.3 Consultation with Stakeholders

The main objectives of these consultations were to collect the views of the stakeholders regarding the proposed project and identify measures to ensure maximization of project's benefits and minimization of project's negative impacts. Consultation meetings were conducted in an open environment, in which the participants expressed their views freely. The consultations were carried out with the stakeholders during the months of August and September 2022. After Change of alignment, out of total 13 villages, consultations were conducted in the 5 villages fall in the ROW of new alignment from May 22 to 26, 2023. The updated schedule of stakeholder consultations carried is given below in **Table 2**. Photo log of consultation meetings is attached as **Annex – I** and the attendance sheets of the participants are attached as **Annex – II**.

**Table 3: Schedule of Public Consultation Meetings with the Males**

Sr.#	Date	Village/ Location	Alignment	District	No. of Participants	Location in Kilometer
1.	23-5-2023	Sathi Khel	New alignment	Khyber	10	5+500
2.	23-5-2023	Sathi Khel	New alignment	Peshawar	6	11+600
3.	24-5-2023	Sangu	New alignment	Peshawar	10	13+400
4.	24-5-2023	Gharibabad	old alignment	Peshawar	12	14+400
5.	25-5-2023	Mushterzai	New alignment	Peshawar	8	15+700
6.	25-5-2023	Masho Khel	Old alignment	Peshawar	15	20+400
7.	26-5-2023	Masho Gagar	New alignment	Peshawar	8	21+000
8.	01-9-2022	Masho mera	old alignment	Peshawar	18	21.5 to 29
9.	31-8-2022	Masho Khel	old alignment	Peshawar	09	29 to 34
10.	31-8-2022	Suriazai Bala	Old alignment	Peshawar	14	34 to 41.5
11.	31-8-2022	Settano	Old alignment	Nowshera	17	41 to 442+053
12.	6-9-2022	Jabba	New alignment	Peshawar	04	
<b>Total</b>					<b>131</b>	

#### 1.4 Information Dissemination

During the consultation meetings, following information was shared with the participants:

- Introduction of the project;
- Discussed about the alignment of SLR;
- Description of project components, its activities and impacts;
- Discuss social and environmental impacts;
- Discuss overall resettlement related impacts of the project;
- Description of criteria for determining the unit rates of the affected land, crops and tree sets.
- Description of criteria of evaluation of buildings and other infrastructure;
- Description of criteria of evaluation of business losses;
- Basis for determining the unit rates for compensating the losses of various type of assets; and
- Needs, priorities and reactions of the affected people regarding the proposed project.

## 1.5 Findings of Consultation Meetings

A total 14 consultations were organized in the project area. It is worth mentioning that the concerns and issues were almost the same of the PAPs and local communities. However, at a few locations, residents strongly requested changes to project's alignment and refused to sign the attendance sheet. Following are the key findings of the consultation meetings:

The Consultations in the area where no alignment has changed and the area where new alignment is proposed were held. Total Consultations in the villages of new alignment and in the villages of un-changed alignment were conducted. The peoples of new alignment were satisfied and almost 90 % peoples/PAPs have no objection on the SLR route.

Keeping in view the culture and norms, the questions were very common and similar, asked by the locals from the social & environment teams during the field survey. Thus, their answers were also common and similar.

Following are the key findings of the consultation meetings presented in the following Table 3.

**Table 4: Key Stakeholder Concerns and Team Responses**

Questions/Concern	Response
Asked for Identification of alignment.	showed the alignment
Is the alignment finalized?	Yes.
When the project construction will start?	After finalization of feasibility study. Project construction will start after finalizing the detailed design.
Is the project approved?	No. it's at the feasibility stage.
What are the project impacts?	Residential houses, land, trees and crops.
What about the land compensation?	Yes, will be compensated with very fair, justified and timely determined by the Board of Revenue.
Which rates will be adopted for compensation of land, trees and structures?	Market rates plus transaction costs will be adopted for compensation of lost assets. Land compensation by the revenue department, Structures by the Buildings department, Trees and crops by the agriculture/horticulture department, non-fruit trees will be by the Forest department for fair compensation.
Is there possibility to change alignment to avoid residences and religious and community structures?	The present alignment is most suitable and tried to minimize the social disturbance.

Questions/Concern	Response
Mosques will be demolished; therefore, government should use alternate route.	If structures are unavoidable, alternate new mosques will be constructed through the project funds.
We want to meet Project Director to avoid adverse project impacts, how could we do this?	We assure you that we have noted your issues and problems to discuss with the relevant authority. The NHA will develop a complete GRM to address the complaints of the local community. Any complainant can approach the project management through the GRM process.
Would the local peoples be benefitted from the Project?	Yes, several benefits.
How and which type of benefits?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Most of the owners of barren land will get proper land price.</li> <li>• Land will become on main road, suitable for commercial purposes.</li> <li>• During project construction, people can rented out their machinery to the Contractor.</li> <li>• People can get job on the project like driver, cook, labour, guard, and helper, clerical or technical job as required.</li> </ul>
Agreed or disagree for the proposed project?	The community agreed with the current alignment if the predicted impacts are not reduced or compensated.

## 1.6 Consultations with Individual Male PAPs

Apart from the group consultations at various locations, consultations with individual persons being affected were also conducted throughout the reach. Where there were affected structures or assets of a person within the ROW, the team contacted the affected persons, introduced the project and collected the data of the PAP along with measurement of the affected structures etc. The teams walked inch by inch on the ROW and noted down all affected structures/assets and interviewed the affected person.

Total 506 persons losing residential structures were contacted in individual capacity to discuss the project and impacts on their assets. Now this figure is reduced due to change of alignment. The survey is in progress. The village wise list of PAPs is attached as **Annex - III**.

## 1.7 Consultation for Community and Public Affected Structures/Facilities

During census survey, the survey teams observed many structures under project impact including graveyards, mosques and schools. Because a vast majority of the locals are benefitting from these facilities. They have concerns upon the project impacts. The concerned locals strongly demanded to change the alignment for the safeguard of these assets and community properties.

### 1.7.1 Consultation with Male Vulnerable PAPs

During assets inventory census and socio-economic survey, 86 vulnerable PAPs were found. The vulnerable PAPs are considered whose monthly income is fragile and below OPL. Out of these 86 vulnerable PAPs, all were male PAPs. These PAPs were consulted and informed



about compensation and vulnerable allowance will be paid. Even, in case of more than 10 % project impact on their houses, a severity allowance equal to 03 OPL will also be provided. Due to change of alignment, the survey is in progress and final vulnerable PAPs will be sort out. The final PAPs regarding land, structures, fixtures , crop and trees will be documented in the final RAP showing actual number of vulnerable (males and females).

### 1.8 Consultation with Government Departments

For consultation with Government Departments a letter was sent to all the concerned departments for acquisition of data /information as well as for inviting their feedback/concerns /suggestions regarding the Social and Environmental Impacts of the project during the months of August, 2022. The purpose of the letter to the concerned officers to keep them well informed regarding the purpose of the visiting Environment and Social team. A number of brief consultations with community people were also arranged during the site visits of the ROW. The informal interviews were conducted with Agriculture District Officer Peshawar, On Farm Water Management Officer of Nowshera, Peshawar, Khyber, Agriculture Officer (Extension) Nowshera, HQ Wildlife Peshawar, Add. AC Revenue, DFO Nowshera Forest Division, Agri. Statistics Officer, Agriculture Officer (Extension) Nowshera, Dy. DG Social Welfare Peshawar, Deputy Planning Officer Peshawar, Agriculture Officer (Extension) Peshawar , Sub Divisional Officer C&W Nowshera, AC Pabbi Nowshera, PA to AC Nowshera and Director Agri. Peshawar.

The consultants explained the proposed project and its impacts to the Government Officials in concerned districts. **Table 4** presents findings of consultation meetings with Government Departments. The photolog of consultations with Government Departments is attached as **Annex - IV**. The findings of Consultation Meeting with Nuclear Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA), GT Road Peshawar is attached as **Annex – V**.

**Table 5: Consultations with Government Departments**

Sr. No	Department	Designation	Points of Discussion /Apprehensions
01	Agriculture Peshawar	District Agriculture Officer Peshawar	The project alignment will adversely affect the agricultural land, especially maize and sugarcane crops from the proposed alignment. In addition, the fruit orchards such as Plum, Apricot and Peach will also be damaged. Wheat and various types of vegetables are grown. Due to rapid urbanization, the existing agricultural land is under extreme pressure. Agricultural land is shrinking due to urban development.

<b>Sr. No</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Designation</b>	<b>Points of Discussion /Apprehensions</b>
<b>02</b>	Agriculture Nowshera	Agriculture Officer (Extension) Nowshera	The proposed project has negative impacts on the agriculture land but it will resolve the traffic issue. Most people depend on agriculture, therefore proposed alignment will ultimately affect the livelihood of the local community. It will create social issues as well.
<b>03</b>	Agriculture	Director Agri.	The alignment of the proposed link road project is mostly passing from the agricultural land, which will ultimately destroy the agriculture practices of the area and residential area. The government should re-align the alignment in scantily populated area and barren land.
<b>04</b>	Agriculture Revenue Peshawar	Agri. Statistics Officer	The project will badly affect the agricultural land in the area. Wheat, sugarcane, maize and various types of vegetables are grown in the district. The agricultural land is shrinking day by day due to infrastructure development and projects.
<b>05</b>	On-Farm Water Management Nowshera	District Officer On-Farm Water Management Nowshera	The proposed project will not affect our ongoing projects. However, the proposed project will disturb the agricultural land and residential area.
<b>06</b>	On-Farm Water Management Peshawar	District Officer On-Farm Water Management Peshawar	The proposed alignment of the project was discussed with the officer. He apprised that the proposed project

Sr. No	Department	Designation	Points of Discussion /Apprehensions
			will not affect their ongoing projects.
07	On-Farm Water Management Khyber	District Officer On-Farm Water Management Khyber	The proposed alignment of the project was discussed with the officer. The survey team was told that the proposed project will not affect their ongoing projects.
08	On-Farm Water Management	District HQ OFWM	The project alignment and attributes were discussed with the officer in detail. It was anticipated that there would be no impacts on their ongoing projects, therefore, they have no apprehensions regarding the project.
09	Add. AC	Add. AC Revenue	AC inquired about cutting of forest trees and orchards. He was also informed about effect on assets within the alignment.
10	Wildlife Peshawar	HQ Wildlife Peshawar	District Peshawar and Khyber have variety of species, which change with the altitude. In these districts, the species are not endangered, which may affect with the proposed project. Only fruit orchards and agriculture land will be affected by the proposed project. If government changes the alignment of the project to the non-populated area then this issue will also be resolved.
11	Forest	DFO Nowshera Forest Division	There is no harm to reserved forest. Mostly poplar trees and agricultural

<b>Sr. No</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>Designation</b>	<b>Points of Discussion /Apprehensions</b>
			land will be affected from the proposed alignment.
<b>12</b>	Planning	Deputy Planning Officer	The proposed project will affect the agricultural land and residential area of the district.
<b>13</b>	Social	Dy. DG Social Welfare	The proposed project has negative impacts on the local community. Majority of local community rely on agriculture. The commencement of project will reduce the agricultural land, which will affect their livelihood. The major source of income will be disturbed from this project. Therefore, government should re-align the proposed alignment.
<b>14</b>	C&W Buildings	AD	The proposed project was briefed to the SDO and his team members. They have no major concerns about the project.
<b>15</b>	AC	AC Pabbi	The local community have some serious observations on the proposed alignment of the project. The agricultural land will be affected which will ultimately affect the socio-economic conditions of the area. The local community emphasized to construct the road in barren area.
<b>16</b>	PA to AC Nowshera	-	The proposed alignment was discussed with PA to AC for acquisition of requisite data.

### 1.9 Summary of Concerns Raised by Stakeholders

The consultation with 506 PAPs losing their residential structures were conducted. The present alignment affects huge number of residential structures, commercial structures, community structures including mosques, graveyards, schools, a petrol pump and a very fertile land producing cash crops & fruits in Peshawar reach. Due to severe adverse project impacts on the locals, about 99 percent were disagreed with the previous alignment and strongly demanded change of route of the proposed road. Due to change of alignment from km 0+000 to 24+400, a significant adverse impact has been reduced on residential structures and now about 90 % locals were satisfied with the alignment.

### **1.10 Stakeholder Engagement and Participation Framework**

After suggesting the possible solutions of the stakeholders' concerns, the draft and final RAP and ESIA Reports will be disclosed to the stakeholders and general public. Both the RAP and ESIA Reports (draft and final) will be accessible to interested stakeholders on request, and the version of final reports will be available online and in the nearest library, and its summary will be available in Urdu language. The stakeholder consultation and engagement is an ongoing process and will continue throughout the project's construction as well as operation and maintenance phases. The ongoing consultation process could be scheduled on monthly or quarterly basis with the stakeholders, including but not limited to the concerned government departments, local administration and the community representatives from the proposed project area. The overarching goal of consultations and community engagement is to support and facilitate the project's design and implementation, to reduce conflicts and project opposition, and to increase project's acceptability. The process of such consultation is to be continued during project implementation and even during O&M stage. Stakeholder consultations and participation will take place through different means and the proposed plan for public consultation is described below.

### **1.11 Plans for Further Consultation and Community Participation**

#### **A): Consultations during project implementation stage:**

- Interaction with community, PAPs and relevant Departments for information disclosure;
- Awareness campaign for all stakeholders and inhabitants of the Project Corridor of Impact;
- Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) at the community level;
- Formal interactions through periodic meetings/ workshops, consultation sessions with wider stakeholders' especially institutional ones such as other Government Department and relevant organizations etc.
- Localized group meetings, pamphlet/Information brochures, public display;
- Consultations will be conducted with PAPs for formulating and implementing detailed livelihood restoration activities involving activities related to improving access to project related jobs, training (if planned), development and other related;
- Female social staff will also be involved during implementation of RAP and ESIA Reports to ensure further consultations with women and address their issues and ensure that they are equally benefitted from the project;
- NHA through the ESS team of PMU/PMO and the contractor staff will keep a close liaison with the stakeholders including women, with PAPs; record and address their concerns relating to the implementation of RAP and ESIA Reports and construction related works; and

- Maintain a functioning Grievance Resolution Mechanism (GRM) to deal with complaints and concerns about community health and safety.

**B): Consultations during operation and maintenance phase:**

Stakeholder consultation will continue throughout the project operation to guide information disclosure, consultation, and feedback as and when required with regard to the long-term operation and maintenance of project infrastructure to achieve desired results. For the consultations and information sharing, following techniques will be adopted:

- I. Project information disclosure in a timely and effective manner;
- II. Public consultation meetings at appropriate times, at least annually to review the performance of the project and to offices, Response to public enquiries, Press release etc.;
- III. Consultations with livelihood of displaced people to assess their livelihood restored or enhanced; and

## 2 GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

An effective grievance mechanism is fundamental not only to facilitate an effective and responsive resettlement process, but also to ensuring that project can proceed on schedule, without delays induced by affected community disaffection.

The main objective of the grievance redress procedure will be to resolve project related grievances to avoid delays. It will also provide to PAPs and workers (men and women) a public forum to raise their objections and through conflict resolution, address these issues adequately. During land acquisition, valuation, compensation and resettlement process various grievances can -arise that might require mitigation.

Major possible grievances are;

- Losses not identified correctly;
- Compensation/assistance inadequate or not as per entitlement matrix;
- Dispute about ownership;
- Delay in disbursement of compensation/assistance; and
- Improper distribution of compensation/assistance in case of joint/communal ownership.

This section has been updated with the revised, approved and advertised version of the GRM SOPs. To address any concerns or grievances of PAPs, an effective grievance redress mechanism that fully commensurate with local customs and legal framework is required for timely recourse of grievances and achieving transparency in resettlement process. In view of the applicable legal and administrative framework, a grievance redress system that is fully responsive to local customs and applicable legal framework is proposed for the project.

### Composition, Roles and Timeframe for Grievance Close Out at each Level

Level	Chair/ Contact Person	Secretary/ GRO	Members	Frequency of Meeting	Timeframe for Close-out
Tier 1- Village Level	Assistant Director NHA	Social Mobilizer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Community Representative</li> <li>• Social Organizer Male</li> <li>• Social Organizer Female</li> <li>• Contractor representative</li> <li>• Design &amp; Supervision Consultant (E&amp;S)</li> <li>• Special Invitees (by invitation)</li> </ul>	Weekly	10 days
Tier 2- Tehsil Level	Assistant Commissioner	Social and Resettlement Specialist	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Community Representative &amp;</li> <li>• Social Resettlement Specialist</li> <li>• Gender Specialist</li> <li>• Environment Specialist</li> </ul>	Bi-Monthly	21 days

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contractor representative</li> <li>• Deputy Director NHA</li> <li>• Design &amp; Supervision Consultant</li> <li>• Special Invitees (by invitation)</li> </ul>		
Tier 3-PMU	Project Director	Social & Resettlement Specialist	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Project Director KPEC</li> <li>• DPD</li> <li>• Deputy Director (Land/RS) NHA</li> <li>• Social &amp; Resettlement Specialist-PIU</li> <li>• Environment Specialist PIU</li> <li>• Gender Specialist PIU</li> <li>• Resident Engineer – Design and Supervision Consultants</li> <li>• Environment &amp; Social Specialist Contractor representative</li> <li>• GBV/SEA Service provider Representative</li> <li>• Any other member Special Invitees (by invitation)</li> </ul>	Monthly	30 days

A three-tier redressed structure is planned to address all complaints in the Project. The two KPEC Components can have separate GRCs at Tier 1 and Tier 2 if the geographic area of intervention is different. Tier 3 (PMU NHA) of Component 1 will serve both PTEX and SLR interventions. For Component 2, Tier 3 GRC will be established at PMU SDU.

### 2.1 First Tier - Village Grievance Redressed Committee

Complaints can be received at village/community levels. The concerns of the Complainant will be examined at the village level through involvement of the Affected Persons Committees (APCs), formed at village level. The Social Mobilizers (male & female) will, act as focal person to get the grievances recorded, investigated and discussed during APC meetings; facilitate the APs to Project issues in accordance with provisions of the RAP and ESMPs and; coordinate with the GRC and to ensure that the APs recommendations will be implemented and the grievances are addressed accordingly. If the grievance is not resolved at village level it shall be raised at Tehsil level. A Village level Grievance Redress Committee will comprise:

1. Assistant Director NHA, Chair
2. Social Mobilizers (Male and Female).



3. A representative from APC
4. A representative from Contractor.
5. Contractor representative
6. Design & Supervision Consultant (E&S).
7. Special Invitees (by invitation)

Functions and key responsibilities of Village level Tier 1 GRC:

- Organize weekly meetings with the APs who have grievances so as to redress them.
- Ensure that follow-up actions in response to grievances are taken within an agreed timeframe. Report on outstanding/resolved grievances a weekly basis to the Project Authority particularly the serious cases.
- Coordinate through GRC-FIU & PMU with Government departments, at district, provincial and civil society organizations for resolving the grievances of the local communities.
- Ensure the availability of grievance registration forms (in Urdu & Pashtu) in the project area.
- Decision to be taken within 10 days of receipt of complaint

In addition, the Village GRC will ensure that those issues that cannot be solved at the Village level are elevated to the GRC established under the chairmanship of the Assistant Commissioner at the Tehsil level. The complainant may also request that the issue be transferred to the next level if he or she feels it is not being addressed.

## **2.2 Second Tier of Redressal**

### **Tehsil Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC)**

If a grievance is not resolved at the Village Level, the Village GRC will elevate it to the FIU level established under the chairmanship of Assistant Commissioner at each Tehsil level. It will be the responsibility of social mobilizers to provide the required feedback to the Deputy Director and Social and Resettlement Specialist regarding the complaints and efforts made at Village Level to resolve the issue.

The GRC at Tehsil level will comprise:

- Assistant Commissioner, Chair
- Deputy Project Director NHA
- Deputy Director (Land/RS) Project
- Social and Resettlement Specialist, Secretary of the Committee
- Environment Specialist
- Gender Specialist
- Environmental & Social Specialist- Construction Contractor
- A Representative from APC
- Special Invitees (by invitation)

Following the preliminary assessment, the AC will investigate the complaint through Social and Resettlement Specialist, which will share its facts finding report with AC in 15 days of receipt of complaint. After receipt of the fact-finding report, within next 7 days the AC will

convene its meeting with other members as provided above. However, if the complainant/ aggrieved persons are not satisfied with Tehsil GRC decision or if there are delays in resolution, the complainant can request the Committee to elevate complaint to Tier 3 PMU GRC headed by the Project Director, PMU.

#### Functions and Key Responsibilities of Tehsil level GRC

- Conduct bi-monthly meetings to address grievances not resolved at the village level
- Ensure that handling of grievances is in accordance with national laws and the World Bank procedures.
- Ensure that follow-up actions in response to grievances are taken within an agreed timeframe.
- Maintain a database of all registered grievances, along with details on the nature of the issues raised, the case history and actions taken.
- Report on outstanding/resolved grievances on a weekly basis to the chair particularly the serious cases.
- Coordinate with Government departments, at district, provincial and national levels and civil society organizations for resolving the grievances of the local communities.
- Ensure the availability of grievance registration forms (in Urdu & Pashtu) in the project area.
- Coordinate with community representatives on the efficacy and usefulness of grievance redress procedures and recommend changes, if any required.

### **2.3 Third Tier of Redressal - Project Management Unit (PMU)**

If the complainant is not satisfied and the issue is not resolved at the Tehsil level, then Social and Resettlement Specialist will forward the complaint to PMU for remedial measures and decisions/grievance (s) will be resolved accordingly. The PMU will be based at Peshawar, and will be headed by the Project Director, KPEC. The PMU level grievance committee will comprise the following members.

- Project Director KPEC
- DPD
- Deputy Director (Land/RS) NHA
- Social & Resettlement Specialist-PIU
- Environment Specialist PIU
- Gender Specialist PIU
- Resident Engineer – Design and Supervision Consultants
- Environment & Social Specialist Contractor representative
- GBV/SEA Service provider Representative
- Any other member Special Invitees (by invitation)

Upon receipt of complaint, the PMU will review the record and call the complaint/complainants to hear and record their concerns and initiate any further investigations (if required) for resolution of the complaint.

The PMU will decide regarding the complaint and inform the aggrieved person, FIU, and Village GRC for required execution on-ground and closure of the grievance process in 30 days. The Complainant may decide to take a legal or any other recourse if he/she is not

satisfied with the resolutions due to the deliberations of the tiers of GRM. The detail TORs of the GRC-PMU are as under:

- i. The Tier 3-PMU level GRC will meet at least once a month and more regularly as needed and shall convene its meeting on the availability of 60% of the quorum/committee members.
- ii. The Project Director will ensure effective implementation of the Grievance Redressal Mechanism (GRM) by establishing and notifying Village (Tier 1) and at Tehsil Level (Tier 2).
- iii. Ensure community outreach and information dissemination about the Project GRM.
- iv. Investigate grievances specific to Component 1 brought forward by affected persons and general public and shall also review the latest proceedings of the Tier-2 and Tier-3 Committees.
- v. Ensure easy access to GRM for affected community
- vi. Is especially for women and other vulnerable groups.
- vii. Provide a time-bound early, transparent and fair resolution of social and environmental concerns linked to the project and provide timely responses to Complainants.
- viii. The committee shall generate a monthly report on the proceedings and progress of Tier-3 GRC.
- ix. Maintain and update GRM Database/Complaint Register.

#### **2.4 Public Complaint Cell**

PCC will be established under the environment section of the PMU which will be responsible for receiving complaints and resolve grievances. Since female community members have restricted mobility outside of their villages and homes. Therefore, female PCC staff will be required to undertake visits to the local communities. The frequency of visits will depend on the nature and magnitude of activity in an area and the frequency of grievances.

#### **2.5 Proposed GRM of NHA**

The GRC is an independent body that will regulate the functioning of PCC and the entire grievance redress process. It will address the grievances which remain unresolved by the PCC, including the relevant anonymous complaints received by the project falling in the scope of work. GRM Management Information System would have a public facing complaint register that will have the status of anonymous complaints. The GRC will consist of the following members:

- Project Director
- Focal Person on Environment
- Environmental Specialist
- RE of CSC
- PM of Contractor
- Representative of GFPs

A separate workers/employee GRM be established managed by main contractor with Project E&S specialists as members. The nature of complaints related to workers will include, but not limited to, the following: GBV complaints, SH, remuneration, working hours, PPE, OHS, protection issues, security issues, social issues, family-work balance, working conditions, CoC, etc.

The complaints can be registered through complaint registers, email addresses, phone numbers and In-writing. Separate boxes and registers for employees/workers will be place

within the premises. The existing committee for Project GRM will have relevant individual to address related complaint.

Gender-responsive measures will be taken to ensure confidentiality.

## 2.6 Filing and Resolving Grievances

Following steps will be followed to log and resolve grievances:

**Stage 1:** The complaint once received at the PCC either directly (in-person, via phone, email) or through GFPs will be logged with following details:

- Unique complaint tracking number for both parties' record
- Name and contact information of the affected person
- Date of complaint
- Written or oral complaint
- To whom the claim has been addressed initially
- Description of the claim

The complaint will be acknowledged, and confirmation of receipt will be sent to the complainant within two working days. The grievance log/register will remain available to the public at the PCC office, construction site and other key public offices.

**Stage 2:** As the complaint is logged, PCC will then investigate the reasons behind the grievance and to do so the staff may need to contact the complainant to obtain further details. The PCC will be required to complete preliminary investigation within seven working days of the receipt of the complaint and send a response to the affected person with details on the outcomes of the investigation and the actions PCC intends to take ahead. Following investigation and response to the complainant, if the complainant considers that the grievance has been resolved satisfactorily, the PCC will log the complaint as resolved.

**Stage 3:** In case the grievance remains unresolved it will be reassessed and GRC will have further dialogue with the complainant to discuss if there are any further steps, which may be taken to reach a mutually agreed resolution to the problem. The GRC will conduct hearings, if necessary, where the PAPs can present concerns. Mediation will be used as a method to resolve pending complaints. The GRC will meet as and when necessary, in case the grievances need to be addressed. The GRC will recommend corrective measures and assign responsibilities for implementing its decision within 15 working days.

**Stage 4:** If the complainant is not satisfied with the decision of the GRC then they can further pursue their complaint by submitting their case to the appropriate court of law.

## 2.7 Record Keeping

Maintaining records of project grievances is critical for ensuring transparency, accountability and follow ups for timely action on closing the project related complaints. The PCC will maintain all records and will be made available to the public and made part of the national and WB monitoring reports indicating the number of grievances received, resolved and the outcomes.

## 2.8 Periodic Review

The GRC will conduct quarterly review of PCC's performance, grievances received and processed, and the overall GRM to ensure effectiveness of the mechanism and, where necessary, propose changes for enhancing project's ability to prevent and address grievances.

## **2.9 GRM for Women and Gender-Based Violence**

Efforts will be made to ensure that the significantly marginalized women of the area are not negatively affected by the project. Therefore, the contractor's contract will include provisions for mandatory reporting of all incidents having any gender related aspects.

The GRM will be gender sensitive and it will ensure that women can register all types of grievances they may have related to the project. These grievances may relate to the payment of compensation, restrictions in their movement during construction, impact of the privacy, issues related to gender-based violence (GBV) or any other project related issues. To facilitate the aggrieved women (if any) to lodge their complaints and get their concerns resolved through GRM, female project affected person's committees will be formed.

For SEA/SH related issues, the project will partner with a local organization with in-depth expertise in gender issues, strong local presence in and trust, by the communities. The organization will become a member of the GRM Committee and will undertake a range of related activities including but not limited to referring the women's complaints to the relevant tier of the GRM system.

The local partner will:

- Educate and raise awareness of communities about equitable and fair treatment to all genders, and their legal rights and services available to them
- Ensure that GRM services for women folk of the area are in place during the life of the project and verify that they remain able to provide such services,
- Monitor the contractor's relevant contractual obligations and the implementation of mandatory and repeat trainings of workers on gender and sexual harassment policies etc., and
- Undertake gender related issues awareness and prevention trainings of workers.

GRM will have protocols for recording and addressing complaints by the womenfolk. This will include appropriate mechanisms for referral to the service provider. GRM will be enhanced with the feedback received from the service providers. The project will disseminate GRM procedures in the communities.

## **2.10 Community Outreach and Information Dissemination**

The Grievance Redress Mechanism for the project will be complimented by a robust information dissemination and community outreach component. As part of this component, the EA will be required to provide relevant information regarding their rights to the PAPs as per the provincial policies and World Bank's OP 4.12 and the approved RAP.

All relevant information will be translated in Urdu to ensure acceptance by local communities. The PAPs will be informed about the three different tiers of the grievance redress procedure, including the roles of the Jirga, the GRC and the PMU in grievance resolution.

The PAPs will be provided information about contact details of the focal points for each of the three tiers. All expenses incurred in arranging grievance negotiations and meetings of GRC as well as logistics required, shall be arranged by the NHA, the EA.

**ANNEXURE-I: PHOTOLOG OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION MEETINGS**



**Consultation in village Masho Khel**



**Consultation in Bara Bazar, not community**



**Consultation in village Nogazi Baba**



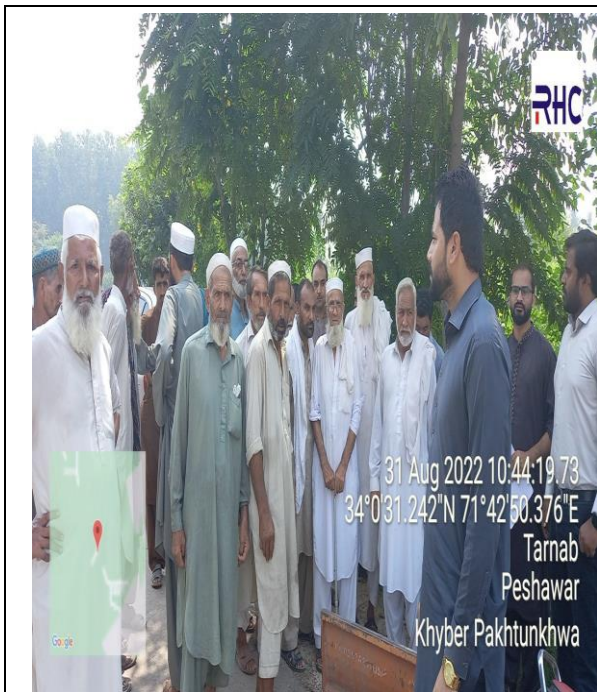
**Consultation in village Masho Gagar**



**Consultation in village Sangu Mera**



**Consultation in village Mera Masho Gagar**



**Meeting with Tarnab Community**



**Meeting in Jabba Khalisa Village**



**Meeting in village of Sathi Khel ( Kuki Khel) new alignment**



## ANNEXURE-II: ATTENDANCE SHEETS

Village: Sathi Khel- 22-5-2023, Khyber area

List of Participants of Killi Sathi Khel (Koki Khel).

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
1:-	Zabit Khan	Sahibzada	Driver	NIL	زابت خان
2:-	Shermad Khan	Sahibzada	R.Gov.S	Middle	بی.ڈی.جی
3:-	Forqan Ali	Lal bait Khan	Student	Matric	فرقان
4:-	Yousaf Khan	Mehrabdin	Shopkeeper	Matric	یوسف
5:-	Tayyab Khan	Malik Khan	Student	Matric	تایاب
6:-	Sheikh Jalabad	Malik Khan	Driver	Primary	شیخ جلاباد
7:-	Haji Sher Hussain	Muhammad Hussain	Driver	Middle	حاجی شیر حسین

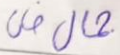
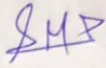
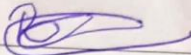
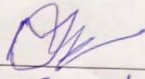
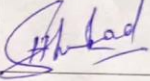

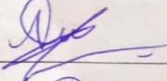

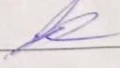
Village: Sangu Mera- 23-5-2023, Khyber area

Village Sangu

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
1	Sawab gul	Haji Nasir	zamedas	Middle 9 <sup>th</sup> class	
2	Basheer Ahmed	sher Rehman	//	12 <sup>th</sup>	
3	stana Bilal	Izat gul	Rishaji driver	uneducated	
4	Ayaz	M. multan	work in factory	//	
5	Bhoham hussan	M. Iqbal	Molana	ilum	
6	M. Amir	Hussain gul	student	1 <sup>st</sup> year	

Village: Ghareeb abad-24-5-2023, Khyber area

List of Participants of Killi Gharibabad Batatal

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
(1)	Haji Jamal Khan	Darya Khan	Shopkeeper	Matric	
(2)	Sher Muhammad	Hasham Khan	G. Employee	B.A	
(3)	Muhammad Ramzan	Mobarak Ali	Shopkeeper	Middle	
(4)	Mehmood Khan	Haider Khan	Labor	"	
(5)	Hamad Khan	Gulzar Khan	Labor	Matric	
(6)	Rustam	Abdul Qayum	"	Middle	
(7)	Atif Khan	Ajmal	Student	Middle	
(8)	Muhammad Arif	Abdul Jalil Khan	Electrician	Matric	
(9)	Shahzaman Khan				
(10)	Khan Zaman	Zaman Khan	Driver	Matric	

Village: Mushtarzai- 24-5-2023, Khyber area

village - Mustarzai

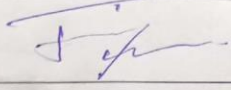
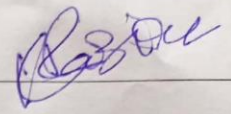
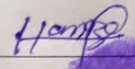

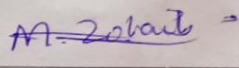
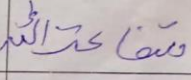
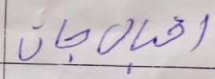
R.D - 14+400

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
1:	Hidayat Ullah	Tayab Khan	R Teacher	FA	
2:	Zahir Shah	Orang Khan	R Teacher	Matric	
3:	Shamshad Khan	Mashrang Khan		Matric	
4:	Jawad	Nawaz Khan	Student	F.SC	
5:	Saqf Ullah	Jumma Khan	Student	F.A	
6:	Swaleh Muhammad	Atta Muhammad		Middle	
7:	Hassan	Wasal Khan	Shopkeeper	Middle	
8:	Nasar Khan	Usman Khan		Lt.	
9:	Muhammad Shafi	Khair Ullah	Farmer		
10:	Akhar Ullah	Asad Khan	Farmer		
11:	Safir Ullah	Shamshad Khan	R. Gover. Police	Matric	
12:	Pervaiz	Hayat Khan	"	"	

Village: Masho Khel on 25-5-2023 Khyber area

Village: Masho Khel

R.D :- 15+700

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
1.	Tunais Khan	Gul Khan	Teacher	B.A	
2.	Khan Raziq	Gul Raziq	Police	A.com	
3.	Hamza	Iqbal Jan	Labor	Matric	
4.	Gohar Ali	Haya Khan	Farmer		
5.	Sabir Ali	Haya Khan	R.G		
6.	M. Zohaib	Iqbal Jan	Student E.A	F.A	
7.	Shafat Ullah	Sadat Khan	Labor	مدرسة الاسلامية	
8.	Iqbal Jan	Haya Khan	Labor	Middle	

Peshawar-Turkham Link Road Project- NHA

List of Participants

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Killi/village
1	Mahwais Khan	Gul. Rehman	Driver	setamed Killi
2	Khewal Khan	Yusuf Khan	Farmer	"
3	Muhamd Nuro	Haythim Khan	"	"
4	Muhamad Yusuf	Niaz Amin	"	"
5	Nemat Shah	Aman Shah	Driver	"
6	Ameer Dad	Meer Ali	Farmer	"
7	Bismillah	M. Riaz	"	"
8	Tilawat Khan	Atum Khan	"	"
9	Amir Sohail	Wazir Khan	chairman	"
10	M. Tarif	Raja Khan	Farmer	"
11	Ismail Khan	Awalberz Khan	Driver	"
12	Abid Khan	Javez Khan	"	"
13	Amjad Khan	Daftar Khan	Farmer	"
14	Durran Shah	Chodim Shah	"	"
15	Tasleem Khan	Misra Khan	Business	Souvarzai Berli
16	Fahad Khan	Shams uddin	Shop keeper	"
17	Yasir Ali	Tohar Ali	Employee	"

Consultation Conducted By: M. Owais dated: 31-

Village: Masho Gagar- 25-5-2023, Khyber area

2

Village: Masho Gagar.

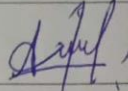
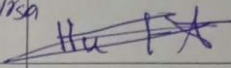
List of Participants of Killi

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
1	Shah Khan	Bakhtauwar Khan	farming	-	
2	Shahid Allah	Shahid Ullah	Army services	Matric	
3	Timotez Khan	Mir Ahmad	farming	-	
4	Zafir	Amir Khan	-	Middle	
5	Adil Nawaz	Habib ur Rehman	Labour	-	
6	Timur Khan	Dilawar Khan	Preparation	D.A.E	
7	Ashad	Khester Rehman	student	middle	
8	Tilawat Khan	M. Jybal	Police	Matric B.Sc	
9	Dilawar Khan	Zafir	Transport	F.A.	
10	Abubakar	Ismail	student	middle	
11	Nasir Khan	Nasir	student	middle	
12	Bul Nabi	Janghair	Pcb office	middle	
13	Amir Nawaz	Shah Nawaz	work in work shop	middle	

② Masno gughar

village:- ~~Zafar~~ Abad.


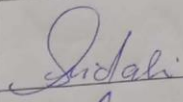

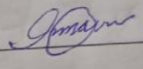
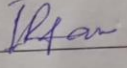
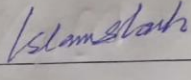
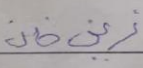
List of Participants of Killi

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
14	Azhar Ali	Bakht Majeed	student	fac.	
15	Uzafa	Farman ullah	student	mandra	<del></del>



Village: Masho Gagar Mera- 26-5-2023, Khyber area



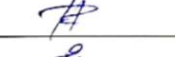
village name:- Maira Mashogagar Afridi Road.  
'R.D :- 21+000

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Education	Sign/Thumb
1	Muhammad Ali	Isam Khan	-	Matric	
2	Said Ali	Isam Khan	-	F.A	
3	Shahid Khan	Shahbaz Khan	O.S	Matric	
4	Imran Khan	Zahir Shah	Shopkeeper	M.A	
5	Muhammad Infan	Zahir Shah	Engineer	BSC	
6	Muhammad Islam	Haji Lalbaz Khan	Shopkeeper	F.SC	
7	Zain Khan	Farid Khan			
8	Younas Khan	Misri Khan	Shopkeeper	F.A	

**Village: Surezai Bala- 31-8-2022, Peshawar area**

**Peshawar-Turkham Link Road Project- NHA**

**List of Participants**

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Killi/village	Sign/Thumb
1	Tahir Shah	Zahir Shah	Business	Sharif Kili	
2	Arshad Khan	Lal Zaman	Labour	"	
3	Farman Ullah	Wazir Muhammad	Student	"	
4	Niaz Muhammad	Taj Muhammad			
5	Bilal Khan	Muhammad Rabi	Student		
6	Nasir Khan	"	"	"	
7	Usman Khan	Haji Taza Gul	Farmex	Qadim Kili	
8	Atta Ullah	Bahar Ullah	Student	"	
9	Muzamil	Kafaitullah	"	"	
10	M. Haris	M. Shoab	P. Job	"	
11	<del>Ze</del> Faizullah	Safa Ullah	Farmer	Khattak Pool	
	Muhammad	Fazale Amin	"		

Consultation Conducted By: ..... dated:.....

Village: Satteno- 31-8-2022, Peshawar area

Peshawar-Turkham Link Road Project- NHA

List of Participants

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Killi/village
1	Mahwais Khan	Gul. Rehman	Driver	setaimo Killi
2)	Khwaja Khan	Yusuf Khan	Farmer	"
3)	Muhammad Nuro	Haythim Khan	"	"
4)	Muhammad Yusuf	Niaz Amin	"	"
5)	Nemat Shah	Aman Shah	Driver	"
6)	Ameer Dad	Meer Ali	Farmer	"
7)	Bismillah	M. Riaz	"	"
8)	Tilawat Khan	Atum Khan	"	"
9)	Amir Sohail	Wazir Khan	chairman	"
10)	M. Tarif	Raja Khan	Farmer	"
11)	Ismail Khan	Awalberz Khan	Driver	"
12)	Abid Khan	Tavez Khan	"	"
13)	Amjad Khan	Daftar Khan	Farmer	"
14)	Durrain Shah	Khodim Shah	"	"
15)	Tasleem Khan	Misra Khan	Business	Souyazai Balu
16)	Fahad Khan	Shams uddin	Shop keeper	"
17)	Tasir Ali	Tohar Ali	Employee	"

Consultation Conducted By: M. Owais dated: 31-

**Village: Jabba Khalisa- 31-8-2022, Naushera area**

Peshawar-Turkham Link Road Project- NHA

List of Participants

Sr. No.	Name	Father's Name	Occupation	Killi/village
1	Mian Aurangzeb	Mian Saifur Rahman	Govt servant	Jabba Khalisa
2	M. Fazli Qadir	M. Fazli Dargan	Teaching	do.
3	Sajjad Ahmed	Fazli Subhan	Business	=
4	Malik Umar Khan	M. Wazir Khan	Business	=
5	Ghulam Taqis	Rakhan	Govt servant	=
6	Kiramullah	Malik Abdul Wahid	Farmer	"
7	Rahat Kalam	Sahar Gull	Farmer	"
8	Yasir Khan	Awal Shah	"	"
9	M. Tahis	M. Salih	"	"
10	Majan	Mir Rahman	"	"
11	Umar Khan	Samandaz Khan	"	"
12	Noor Muhammad	Rahmat Khan	"	"
13	Shahjahan	Sahas Ali	Steel Fixer	"
14	Iqbalullah	Amanullah	Business man	"
15	Malik Toheed	Nasrullah	Business man	"
16	Mian Sher Zaman	Mian Sher Zaman	Retd. Govt Officer	"
17	Mian Amal Khan	Mian Sher Afgan	Jabba Khalisa	"

Consultation Conducted By: M. O. W. Qureshi dated: 31

**ANNEXURE-III: PHOTOLOG OF CONSULTATIONS WITH GOVT. DEPARTMENTS**

 <p>24 Aug 2022 12:11:12 pm Rahat Abad Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	 <p>24 Aug 2022 12:39:24 pm Rahat Abad Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Meeting with Deputy DG Social Welfare Qayyum Khan (0345 9153665)</p>	<p>Meeting with Deputy Director Planning, Muhammad Asif (0333-9127525)</p>
 <p>24 Aug 2022 1:20:47 pm Rahat Abad Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	 <p>24 Aug 2022 1:56:34 pm Rahat Abad Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Meeting with DG Agriculture Extension ,Shams Ur Rehman (0300-5891457)</p>	<p>Meeting with Agriculture Statistics Officer</p>
 <p>24 Aug 2022 4:00:42 pm</p>	 <p>25 Aug, 2022 11:44:55 am Nowshera Cantonment Nowshera Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Meeting with Additional AC Revenue ,Muhammad Taj Khan (0300- 5139618)</p>	<p>Meeting with PA to AC Nowshera (For Table Data)</p>



Meeting with Agriculture Officer Nowshera  
(Extension, Tahir Badshah)



Meeting with Sub Divisional Officer C&W  
Nowshera



Meeting with DFO Peshawar & Nowshera Forest Division



Meeting with AC Office Pabbi, Maliha Sahar  
(0334-4428883)



Meeting with DFO HQ Wildlife Peshawar,  
Salah-ud-Din (0301-8802284)

**ANNEXURE-IV: VILLAGE WISE LIST OF CONTACTED PAPs**

Sr. No.	Location/ Village	PAP Name	Type of Affected Structure
1	Sangu Mera	Sawab Gul	Land and Residential
		Bashir Ahmad	Land and Residential
		Stona Gul	Land and Residential
		Ayyaz	Land and Residential
		Ghulam Hussain	Land and Residential
		M. Aamir	Land and Residential
2	Ghareebabad	Haji Jamal Khan	Land and Residential
		Sher M	Land and Residential
		M. Ramzan	Land and Residential
		Mehmood Khan	Land and Residential
		Hammad Khan	Land and Residential
		Rustam	Land and Residential
		Atif Khan	Land and Residential
		M.Arif	Land and Residential
		Shah Zaman Khan	Land and Residential
		Khan Zaman	Land and Residential
3	Mushterzai	Hadayat Ullah	Land and Residential
		Zahir Shah	Land and Residential
		Shamshad Khan	Land and Residential
		Jawad	Land and Residential
		Saif Ullah	Land and Residential
		Saleh Muhammad	Land and Residential
		Hassan	Land and Residential
		Nasar Khan	Land and Residential
		M.Shafi	Land and Residential
		Ather Ullah	Land and Residential
		Safeer Ullah	Land and Residential
		Pervaiz	Land and Residential
4	Masho Khel (2 meetings)	Younas Khan	Land and Residential
		Khan Raziq	Land and Residential
		Hamza	Land and Residential
		Goher Ali	Land and Residential
		Sabir Ali	Land and Residential
		M.Zuhaib	Land and Residential
		Shafa,at Ullah	Land and Residential
		Iqbal Jaan	Land and Residential
		Israr	Land and Residential
		Khana Gul	Land and Residential
		Shah Gul	Land and Residential
		Maghaz Khan	Land and Residential
		Zameen Gul	Land and Residential
		Khana Gul	Land and Residential
		Naimat Khan	Land and Residential
		ShahJee Gul	Land and Residential
		Maghaz Khan	Land and Residential
		Said Nawaz	Land and Residential
Zakir khan	Land and Residential		
Samir khan	Land and Residential		

Sr. No.	Location/ Village	PAP Name	Type of Affected Structure
5	Masho Gaggar	Shah Khan	Land and Residential
		Shahid Ullah	Land and Residential
		Mumtaz Khan	Land and Residential
		Zakir	Land and Residential
		Adil Nawaz	Land and Residential
		Taimoor Khan	Land and Residential
		Arshed	Land and Residential
		Tilawat Khan	Land and Residential
		Dilawar Khan	Land and Residential
		Abu Bakar	Land and Residential
		Yasin Khan	Land and Residential
		Gul Nabi	Land and Residential
		Amir Nawaz	Land and Residential
		Azher Ali	Land and Residential
		Huzaifa	Land and Residential
6	Masho Gaggar Mera	M.Ali	Land and Residential
		Saad Ali	Land and Residential
		Shahid Ali	Land and Residential
		Imran Ali	Land and Residential
		M.Irfan	Land and Residential
		M.Islam	Land and Residential
		Zain Khan	Land and Residential
		Younis Khan	Land and Residential
7	Surezai Bala	Khursheed	Land and Residential
		Amjad Khan	Land and Residential
8	Satteno	Niaz Ali	Land and Residential
9	Mera Surizai	Khitab Gul	Land and Residential
		Iftikhar Hussain	Land and Residential
10	Settano Kally	Shehzad Khan	Land and Residential
		Mahwais Khan	Land and Residential
11	Mehra Kachuri	M. Younas	Land and Residential
		M. Kareem	Land and Residential
		Azam	Land and Residential
12	Tarnab Farm	Sher Ahmad	Land and Residential
13	Sathi Khel (Kuki Khel)	Zabit Khan	Land and Structure
		Sarmad Khan	Land and Structure
		Furqan Ali	Land and Structure
		Yousaf Ali	Land and Structure
		Tayyab Khan	Land and Structure
		Sheikh Jalalabad	Land and Structure
		Haji Sher Hussain	Land and Structure



## ANNEXURE-V: CONSULTATION MEETING WITH NIFA

### Consultation with Nuclear Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA), GT Road Peshawar

A meeting was held with the NIFA Officials to discuss the project and its impacts.

Question	Answer
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Can you show us the map of the route?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Yes, we can show you the whole map on Google earth mobile app.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Is the alignment finalized?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No, alignment is not confirmed yet, the proposed project is at feasibility stage.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>How could we know the route is final now?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the route will be finalized then the Section 4 of Land Acquisition Act 1894 will be notified.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What is the Row?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Its 100 meters.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Have NHA hired the contractor?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not yet, as the project is in feasibility stage.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The land of NIFA is already disputed. The case is in the court. How one can acquire this land?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The situation is noted and will be discussed with the Client.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Where is NHA Office in Peshawar? We want to meet PD sb.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chamkani Interchange on N5 near Chamkani Police Station. The NIFA officials will arrange a meeting with the PD.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We want to meet Project Director to avoid adverse project impacts, how could we do this?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We assured you that we have noted your issue and problems to discuss with relevant authority.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do you have any comment on alignment? Are you satisfied with this route?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Should change the alignment.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The alignment should change because next to our land, there is graveyard on a large area in the ROW.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Noted your valuable concern.</li> </ul>

